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Real reason turtles have shells: Burrowing tool

Dr. Tyler Lyson co-authors paper about turtle shells as a burrowing tool, not for protection as previously thought

Date: July 15, 2016

Source: Denver Museum of Nature & Science

Summary: Scientists have discovered the real reason turtles have shells. While many thought turtle shells were for protection, new findings show that the shells were actually for digging underground to escape the harsh South African environment where these early proto turtles lived.

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FULL STORY



A recent study on the oldest proto turtle, *Eunotosaurus* (left), suggests the broadening of the ribs in turtles was initially an adaptation for burrowing to escape the extremely arid environment of South Africa 260 million years ago. Later the ribs were incorporated into the modern protective turtle shell as found in *Pelusios* (right).

Credit: Luke Norton

It is common knowledge that the modern turtle shell is largely used for protection. No other living vertebrate has so drastically altered its body to form such an impenetrable protective structure as the turtle. However, a new study by an international group of paleontologists suggests that the broad ribbed proto shell on the earliest partially shelled fossil turtles was initially an adaptation, for burrowing underground, not for protection. Paleontologist Tyler Lyson from the Denver Museum of Nature & Science is among the scientists that helped make this discovery.

"Why the turtle shell evolved is a very Dr. Seuss-like question and the answer seems pretty obvious -- it was for protection," said Dr. Lyson, lead author of Fossorial Origin of the Turtle Shell, which was released today by *Current Biology*. But just like the bird feather did not initially evolve for flight, the earliest beginnings of the turtle shell was not for protection but rather for digging underground to escape the harsh South African environment where these early proto turtles lived."

The early evolution of the turtle shell had long puzzled scientists. "We knew from both the fossil record and observing how the turtle shell develops in modern turtles that one of the first major changes toward a shell was the broadening of the ribs," said Dr. Lyson. While distinctly broadened ribs may not seem like a significant modification, it has a serious impact on both breathing and speed in quadrupedal animals. Ribs are used to support the body during locomotion and play a crucial role in ventilating the lungs. Distinctly broadened ribs stiffen the torso, which shortens an animals stride length and slows it down, interfering with breathing.

"The integral role of ribs in both locomotion and breathing is likely why we don't see much variation in the shape of ribs," said Dr. Lyson. "Ribs are generally pretty boring bones. The ribs of whales, snakes, dinosaurs, humans, and pretty much all other animals look the same. Turtles are the one exception, where they are highly modified to form the majority of the shell."

A big breakthrough came with the discovery of several specimens of the oldest (260- million-year-old) partially shelled proto turtle, *Eunotosaurus africanus*, from the Karoo Basin of South Africa. Several of these specimens were discovered by two of the study's coauthors, Drs. Roger Smith and Bruce Rubidge from the University of Witwatersrand in Johannesburg. But the most important specimen was found by a then 8-year-old South African boy on his father's farm in the Western Cape of South Africa. This specimen, which is about 15 cm long, comprises a well preserved skeleton together with the fully articulated hands and feet.

"I want to thank Kobus Snyman and shake his hand because without Kobus both finding the specimen and taking it to his local museum, the Fransië Pienaar Museum in Prince Albert, this study would not have been possible," said Dr. Lyson.

Story Source:

The above post is reprinted from materials provided by **Denver Museum of Nature & Science**. *Note: Materials may be edited for content and length.*

Journal Reference:

1. Tyler R. Lyson, Bruce S. Rubidge, Torsten M. Scheyer, Kevin de Queiroz, Emma R. Schachner, Roger M.H. Smith, Jennifer Botha-Brink, G.S. Bever. **Fossorial Origin of the Turtle Shell**. *Current Biology*, 2016; DOI: 10.1016/j.cub.2016.05.020

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