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185 Killings Made 2015 Deadliest Year Ever for Environmentalists: Report

By ALEX JOHNSON

More environmental activists were killed around the world than in any other year on record, human rights advocates said Monday in denouncing what they called "the criminalization of protest."

The British organization Global Witness said 185 of the 185 environmentalists whose deaths it documented in 2015 were killed just in Brazil, where the Summer Olympic Games get under way in August.

The group said the real death toll is likely higher because much of the world's most dangerous territory remains inaccessible to underendowed and developing nations.

"Across the world industry is pushing ever deeper into new territory, driven by consumer demand for products such as minerals, timber and palm oil," the group said in a statement.

It said activists in Brazil are targeted ranchers, agricultural plantation owners and illegal loggers, while Philippine and Colombian activists are threatened by large agribusiness corporations supported by police and paramilitary groups.

"Suspicious companies, many of them from the mining or agribusiness sectors, are encroaching more and more into areas where indigenous communities live, and violence is escalating as a result," the statement said. "Land and environmental commodity prices fell, but companies are taking greater risks in the secret target profit," according to Global Witness.

The group named "collusion" between governments and corporations as a key factor in protecting killers, saying it is documented "in almost every case" in which relatively powerful police or private security forces — the perpetrators of all killings.

"While impunity prevails, the criminalization of protest is on the rise," it said.

Global Witness called on governments to increase protection for land and environmental activists, investigate crimes against them, support opposition to unworked projects and formally recognize "communities' rights to their land."

The group said it was also calling for an end to the use of fossil fuels.

"If these 185 [a million persons were a nation, they would make up the 31st largest in the world," the U.N. report said.

That's a **53 percent** rise in just four years, largely driven by the conflicts in Syria and Afghanistan.

Syrian refugees arrive on a beach in Lesbos, Greece, on Oct. 30, 2015, as millions of families flee the war-torn country. Yannis Behrakis / Reuters file

An estimated **12.4 million people** were newly displaced due to conflict or persecution in 2015, including **8.6 million people** displaced within their own country's borders.

Kurdish fighters from the Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) walk in the village of Ain Issa, some 50 km (30 miles) north of Raqqa, Syria, on June 16, 2015, as they advance against Islamic State group militants. Rodi Said / Reuters file

The rate of displacement was recorded in stark detail: The U.N. said that **24 people worldwide** were displaced from their homes **every minute of every day** in 2015, or around 34,000 people per day. In 2005, it was six people per minute.

An aid worker interviews Iraqi refugees who left their village in Ninewa province for Kirkuk, Iraq, on Nov. 2, 2015, as they continue their journey to Turkey. Ahmed Jadallah / Reuters file

Fifty-four percent of all refugees worldwide came from just three countries — Syria, Afghanistan and Somalia. More than **4 million Syrian refugees** were newly registered during 2015, bringing their total refugee population to **4.9 million.** That compares to 2.5 million in war-torn Afghanistan and 1.1 million in Somalia.

Syrian refugees at the Zaatari refugee camp, run by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), in Jordan's northern desert city of Mafraq, near the border with Syria, on July 29, 2015. Muhammad Hamed / Reuters file

There were around 2.7 million Afghan refugees and around 11 million Somali refugees in 2015, according to the U.N.

The world's next developed countries gave asylum to 20 percent of the global refugee total, with Germany taking in more than 1 million people. The U.S. took **in refugees per 1,000 inhabitants**. Jordan and Nauru ranked second and third, respectively.

Refugees and migrants arrive on the Greek island of Lesbos after crossing the Aegean Sea from Turkey, on Oct. 30, 2015. Yannis Behrakis / Reuters file

Children below the age of 18 made up about half of the refugee population in 2015, largely unchanged from a year earlier. However, there were around **98,400 asylum applications** filed by unaccompanied children in 2015 — the highest number ever recorded since the U.N. refugee agency started collecting such data in 2006.

Syrian refugee children walk through a camp in Domiz 2, in Iraq's Kurdistan region, on Feb. 2, 2015. Ahmed Jadallah / Reuters file

Last year also saw a record high **2 million applications** for asylum in refugee countries, a substantial increase from the 1.2 million in 2014. Germany was followed by the U.S. with 172,700 and Sweden with 156,460. Russia, meanwhile, received 152,500.

Refugees and migrants arrive at the Austrian border town of Nickelsdorf, Austria, on Sept. 5, 2015, after crossing the Hungarian border on foot. Hundreds of refugees walking with Syria and Iraq had set off from Budapest's Keleti train station. Leonhard Foeger / Reuters file

UNHCR also estimated that at least **10 million people** became stateless at the end of 2015, but the numbers recorded by governments and given to the agency put the number far lower.

The number of stateless people — individuals without a nationality — is estimated at around 500,000 in Thailand alone.

Ethnic Rohingya Muslim refugees from Myanmar wait to receive food at a temporary camp in Kuala Langsa, Indonesia's Aceh province, on May 20, 2015. The Rohingya are considered by the United Nations to be one of the world's most persecuted minorities. The number of boat people fleeing Myanmar and Bangladesh has soared in recent months. Chaideer Mahyuddin / AFP - Getty Images

Faced with an influx of refugees and migrants, some European countries — including Germany — have advocated returning them to their home nations. According to the U.N. data, only **201,400 refugees** returned to their countries of origin in 2015. Most of those — 91,400 — returned to Afghanistan. Nearly 40,000 returned to Sudan and 32,000 to Somalia.

Syrian refugees walk through a camp in Domiz 2, in Iraq's Kurdistan region, on Feb. 2, 2015. Ahmed Jadallah / Reuters file

For the second consecutive year, Turkey hosted the largest number of refugees in the world, with 2.5 million people. Pakistan was second with 1.6 million, and Lebanon ranked sixteenth in Turkey without a population of their own but claims on the land. It is a "safe third country" has drawn staunch criticism.

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NEWS
APR 29, 2015 7:30 AM ET

World Refugee Day: A Look at the Crisis in 2015

By CASSANDRA VINOGRAD and CHRISTINA NIDO

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The number of refugees last year hit the highest level in two decades, according to the U.N.

A statement since was on Monday — World Refugee Day — showing there were an estimated 59.5 million refugees worldwide at the end of 2015, there's a look at the 21st century refugees.

By the end of last year there were **65.3 million** forcibly displaced people worldwide, the highest number in the population of the U.N. and **16.1 million** refugees.

Syrian refugees arrive on a beach in Lesbos, Greece, on Oct. 30, 2015, as millions of families flee the war-torn country. Yannis Behrakis / Reuters file

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NEWS
JUN 26, 2016, 11:30 AM ET

Five Star Movement's Virginia Raggi: Outsider Is Now Rome Mayor

By ELISABETTA PIQUÉ

Rome's New Mayor Vows to Clean Up City Hall 0:56

ROME — In a huge election favorable to Beppe Grillo's Five Star Movement, a 37-year-old lawyer has become the first female mayor in the almost 3,000-year history of the so-called "Eternal City" on Sunday, going toe-to-toe with establishment Five Star Movement to become Italy's first.

Lawyer Virginia Raggi won around two-thirds of the vote, the Interior Ministry announced Monday.

The 37-year-old beat Roberto Giachetti, the candidate backed by Prime Minister Matteo Renzi's Democratic Party. Five Star candidates also elected mayor in the industrial city of Turin.

"Finally Rome has a woman as mayor," the mother-of-one wrote on her Facebook page after her victory was announced. "This is a historic moment, Rome is a city that has suffered so much, and it's this victory is of extraordinary value."

Detractors claim she is far too inexperienced to run the city of 3 million people. Raggi has been a councilor in Rome's city hall since 2013 and ran against Renzi's party in 2013 and 2015 mayoral elections.

Her public profile was also negligible before winning Five Star's online primary in February — a contest in which she received just 1,764 votes.

On Sunday, Raggi garnered the support of 770,564 people in the Italian capital — compared to 376,928 for rival Giachetti.

What does she stand for?

During her campaign, Raggi pledged to govern Rome honestly and transparently — fighting corruption, waste and rackets the city's poor services and poorly maintained roads.

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